

Financial Statements and Report of  
Independent Certified Public  
Accountants

**Duquesne University of the Holy Spirit**

June 30, 2019 and 2018

**Contents**

	Page
Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants	1-2
Financial Statements	
Statements of Financial Position	3
Statements of Activities	4-5
Statements of Cash Flows	6
Notes to Financial Statements	7-34

---

**GRANT THORNTON LLP**

Two Commerce Square  
2001 Market St., Suite 700  
Philadelphia, PA 19103

**D** +1 215 561 4200  
**F** +1 215 561 1066

**REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS**

To the Board of Directors of  
Duquesne University of the Holy Spirit

**Report on the financial statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Duquesne University of the Holy Spirit (the "University"), which comprise the statements of financial position as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, and the related statements of activities and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

**Management's responsibility for the financial statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

**Auditor's responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the University's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

**Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Duquesne University of the Holy Spirit as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

**Emphasis of matter**

As discussed in Note A to the financial statements, the University adopted several recently issued accounting pronouncements during the year ended June 30, 2019, including Accounting Standards Update (“ASU”) No. 2014-09, *Revenue (Topic 606): Revenue from Contracts with Customers*, ASU No. 2016-02, *Leases*, ASU No. 2016-14, *Presentation of Financial Statements of Not-for-Profit Entities*, ASU No. 2018-08, *Not-for-Profit Entities: Clarifying the Scope and Accounting Guidance for Contributions Received and Contributions Made*, and ASU No. 2017-07, *Compensation – Retirement Benefits*. The adoption of ASU No. 2014-09 and ASU No. 2016-02 had a material impact on certain amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

*Grant Thornton LLP*

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania  
October 16, 2019

**Duquesne University of the Holy Spirit**

**STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION**

**June 30, 2019 and 2018**  
(in thousands)

	<b>2019</b>	<b>2018</b>
<b>Assets</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 34,206	\$ 22,897
Accounts receivable, net	23,596	9,332
Pledges receivable, net	11,829	14,978
Deferred charges and other assets	7,828	6,655
Loans receivable, net	10,269	12,221
Investments	478,891	385,218
Property, plant and equipment, net	262,406	283,238
Right-of-use assets	5,136	-
Assets in escrow related to debt service and construction	35,160	11,909
Total assets	\$ 869,321	\$ 746,448
<b>Liabilities and net assets</b>		
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 36,164	\$ 28,857
Annuities payable	396	326
Deferred revenues and deposits	39,861	30,754
Accumulated postretirement benefits	5,856	7,970
Agency funds	1,499	1,033
Debt and lease obligations	188,873	167,309
Liabilities associated with investments	3,813	3,850
Conditional asset retirement obligations	3,250	3,373
Federal loan funds	11,851	12,605
Total liabilities	291,563	256,077
<b>Net assets</b>		
Without donor restrictions	373,954	297,064
With donor restrictions	203,804	193,307
Total net assets	577,758	490,371
<b>Total liabilities and net assets</b>	\$ 869,321	\$ 746,448

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**Duquesne University of the Holy Spirit**

**STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES**

**Years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018**  
(in thousands)

	2019			2018
	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	Total	Total
<b>Operating revenues:</b>				
Tuition and fees - net	\$ 223,438	\$ -	\$ 223,438	\$ 212,037
Auxiliary enterprises - net	33,264	-	33,264	38,419
Grants and contracts	2,972	14,437	17,409	12,560
Gifts and pledges	780	6,588	7,368	17,019
Endowment earnings distributed for operations	5,717	5,878	11,595	10,477
Working capital earnings distributed for operations	2,950	-	2,950	1,729
Investment income (loss)	1,455	(6)	1,449	716
Gain from the sale of property, plant and equipment	72,954	-	72,954	5,602
Other	5,724	-	5,724	5,005
Net assets released from restrictions	18,494	(18,494)	-	-
Total operating revenues	<u>367,748</u>	<u>8,403</u>	<u>376,151</u>	<u>303,564</u>
<b>Operating expenses:</b>				
Instructional	123,351	-	123,351	119,714
Institutional support	50,901	-	50,901	52,222
Auxiliary enterprises	42,111	-	42,111	40,468
Academic support	40,359	-	40,359	39,997
Student services	17,787	-	17,787	17,179
Public service	5,860	-	5,860	5,695
Research	7,777	-	7,777	8,368
Total operating expenses	<u>288,146</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>288,146</u>	<u>283,643</u>
Excess of operating revenues over operating expenses	<u>79,602</u>	<u>8,403</u>	<u>88,005</u>	<u>19,921</u>
<b>Nonoperating revenues and expenses:</b>				
Gifts and pledges	(7)	4,946	4,939	7,491
Return on investments	5,205	3,340	8,545	25,939
Endowment earnings distributed for operations	(5,717)	(5,878)	(11,595)	(10,477)
Working capital earnings distributed for operations	(2,950)	-	(2,950)	(1,729)
Net periodic benefit cost other than service cost	2,248	-	2,248	459
Costs associated with separation agreements	(1,189)	-	(1,189)	-
Loss on the defeasance of debt	(302)	-	(302)	-
Other	-	(314)	(314)	22
Net nonoperating revenues and expenses	<u>(2,712)</u>	<u>2,094</u>	<u>(618)</u>	<u>21,705</u>
Change in net assets	76,890	10,497	87,387	41,626
<b>Net assets, beginning of year</b>	<u>297,064</u>	<u>193,307</u>	<u>490,371</u>	<u>448,745</u>
<b>Net assets, end of year</b>	<u>\$ 373,954</u>	<u>\$ 203,804</u>	<u>\$ 577,758</u>	<u>\$ 490,371</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**Duquesne University of the Holy Spirit**

**STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES**

**Year ended June 30, 2018**  
**(in thousands)**

	2018		
	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	Total
<b>Operating revenues:</b>			
Tuition and fees - net	\$ 212,037	\$ -	\$ 212,037
Auxiliary enterprises - net	38,419	-	38,419
Grants and contracts	3,224	9,336	12,560
Gifts and pledges	2,157	14,862	17,019
Endowment earnings distributed for operations	4,542	5,935	10,477
Working capital earnings distributed for operations	1,729	-	1,729
Investment income	691	25	716
Gain from the sale of property, plant and equipment	5,602	-	5,602
Other	5,005	-	5,005
Net assets released from restrictions	21,716	(21,716)	-
Total operating revenues	295,122	8,442	303,564
<b>Operating expenses:</b>			
Instructional	119,714	-	119,714
Institutional support	52,222	-	52,222
Auxiliary enterprises	40,468	-	40,468
Academic support	39,997	-	39,997
Student services	17,179	-	17,179
Public service	5,695	-	5,695
Research	8,368	-	8,368
Total operating expenses	283,643	-	283,643
Excess of operating revenues over operating expenses	11,479	8,442	19,921
<b>Nonoperating revenues and expenses:</b>			
Gifts and pledges	13	7,478	7,491
Return on investments	13,424	12,515	25,939
Endowment earnings distributed for operations	(4,542)	(5,935)	(10,477)
Working capital earnings distributed for operations	(1,729)	-	(1,729)
Net periodic benefit cost other than service cost	459	-	459
Other	-	22	22
Net nonoperating revenues and expenses	7,625	14,080	21,705
Change in net assets	19,104	22,522	41,626
Net assets, beginning of year	284,417	169,545	453,962
Prior period adjustment	(6,457)	1,240	(5,217)
<b>Net assets, beginning of year, as restated</b>	277,960	170,785	448,745
<b>Net assets, end of year</b>	\$ 297,064	\$ 193,307	\$ 490,371

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

**Duquesne University of the Holy Spirit**

**STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**

**Years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018  
(in thousands)**

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
<b>Cash flows from operating activities:</b>		
Change in net assets	\$ 87,387	\$ 41,626
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	19,956	20,651
Realized and unrealized gains on investments	(5,734)	(24,107)
Gifts restricted for long-term purposes	(5,768)	(17,070)
Provision for doubtful accounts	642	710
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(72,751)	(5,638)
Loss on defeasance of debt	302	-
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Increase in receivables	(14,112)	(366)
Increase in deferred charges and other assets	(1,173)	(55)
Increase in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	6,183	3,014
Increase in annuities payable	158	61
Increase in deferred revenues and deposits	9,107	10,774
Increase in agency funds	466	101
(Decrease) increase in conditional asset retirement obligations	(123)	45
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>24,540</u>	<u>29,746</u>
<b>Cash flows from investing activities:</b>		
Purchases of investments	(149,560)	(112,967)
Proceeds from the sale/redemption of investments	61,621	72,367
Change in liability associated with investments	(37)	(1,282)
Deposits with trustee for construction	(30,977)	(20,032)
Withdrawals from trustee for construction	6,808	10,874
Deposits of funds held in escrow related to debt service	(296)	(142)
Withdrawals of funds held in escrow related to debt service	1,214	1,122
Receipt of federal loan funds	671	741
Payments of federal loan funds	(1,513)	(672)
Proceeds from the sale of property	102,077	24,939
Expenditures for land, buildings and equipment	(31,226)	(20,126)
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>(41,218)</u>	<u>(45,178)</u>
<b>Cash flows from financing activities:</b>		
Proceeds from the issuance of new debt	30,977	20,032
Repayments of long-term borrowings	(13,065)	(7,568)
Collection of gifts restricted for long-term purposes	10,075	9,673
Net cash provided by financing activities	<u>27,987</u>	<u>22,137</u>
<b>Increase in cash and cash equivalents</b>	11,309	6,705
<b>Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year</b>	<u>22,897</u>	<u>16,192</u>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents, end of year</b>	<u>\$ 34,206</u>	<u>\$ 22,897</u>
<b>Supplemental disclosures:</b>		
In-kind gifts consisting of contributed services	\$ 639	\$ 593
Interest paid	\$ 6,571	\$ 6,537
Capital lease obligations incurred	\$ -	\$ 173
Accounts payable related to construction in process	\$ 1,087	\$ 2,077

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.



**Duquesne University of the Holy Spirit**

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**June 30, 2019 and 2018**

**NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

**1. Organization**

Duquesne University of the Holy Spirit (the "University") is a private, Catholic university, organized as a tax-exempt, nonprofit corporation. The University's principal sources of revenue include student tuition and fees, auxiliary revenues, grants, and gifts.

**2. Basis of Presentation**

The financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP"). Net assets, revenues, expenses, gains, and losses are classified based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed stipulations. Accordingly, net assets of the University and changes therein are classified and reported as follows:

- *Without donor restrictions* - Net assets that are not subject to donor-imposed stipulations.
- *With donor restrictions* - Net assets subject to donor-imposed stipulations that may or will be met either by actions of the University and/or the passage of time. Also included in this category are other net assets with donor restrictions which are subject to donor-imposed stipulations or by law that they be maintained permanently by the University. Generally, the donors of these assets permit the University to use all or part of the income earned on related investments for general or specific purposes.

**3. Taxes**

The University has been determined to be exempt from federal income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986. As a result, no provision for taxes has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

The University adopted guidance for uncertainty in income taxes, which provides criteria for the recognition and measurement of uncertain tax positions. This guidance requires that an uncertain tax position should be recognized only if it is "more likely than not" that the position is sustainable based on its technical merits. Recognizable tax positions should then be measured to determine the amount of benefit recognized in the financial statements. The University files U.S. federal, state, and local income tax returns, and no returns are currently under examination. The University continues to evaluate its tax positions pursuant to the principles of such guidance and has determined that there is no material impact on the University's financial statements.

**4. Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ materially from those estimates.

**5. Cash and Cash Equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents include all highly liquid investments with original maturities of less than three months. Cash equivalents are stated at cost, which approximates fair value.

**Duquesne University of the Holy Spirit**

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

**June 30, 2019 and 2018**

**6. Concentration of Credit Risk**

The University maintains cash and cash equivalent balances with banking institutions and brokerage companies. At June 30, 2019, the amounts on deposit at the banking institutions and the amounts on deposit at the brokerage companies exceeded the amounts that would be covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") and the Securities Investor Protection Corporation ("SIPC"), respectively. In management's opinion, the amounts in excess of FDIC and SIPC limits do not pose significant risk to the University.

**7. Risks and Uncertainties**

Investment securities are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, credit, and overall market volatility. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is reasonably possible that changes in risks and values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the statements of financial position.

**8. Pledges Receivable**

Pledges receivable from fund-raising campaigns are recorded by the University when the unconditional promise to give (pledge) is made and are recorded at fair value using a discount rate commensurate with the risks associated with the pledge.

The allowance for doubtful accounts on pledges receivable is based upon management's judgement, including such factors as prior collection history and type of receivable. The University writes off receivables when they become uncollectible, with the expense presented as an offset to gift revenue, and payments subsequently received on such receivables are credited to the allowance for doubtful accounts.

**9. Property, Plant, and Equipment**

Property, plant, and equipment are stated at cost at the date of acquisition or fair value at the date of donation in the case of gifts. Depreciation is computed on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets. The following table shows the estimated useful lives of property, plant, and equipment:

Land improvements	10 years
Buildings	40 years
Building improvements	10 - 40 years
Furniture, equipment, and software	5 - 15 years

The University reviews its property, plant, and equipment for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of these assets may not be recoverable. No impairment charges were recorded by the University in 2019 or 2018.

**10. Deferred Revenues and Deposits**

Deferred revenues and deposits represent revenues currently received for programs or activities to be conducted primarily in the next fiscal year, such as summer and fall tuition and fees and room and board. Also included in deferred revenues and deposits is deferred revenue related to sponsorship agreements and commitment deposits received from certain vendors, which will be recognized as income over the lives of the related agreements. In addition, included in deferred revenues are funds received related to certain refundable grants. These amounts will be recognized as income as the conditions are met in accordance with the underlying terms of the grants.

**Duquesne University of the Holy Spirit**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**  
**June 30, 2019 and 2018**

The activity and balances for deposits and deferred revenues from contracts with customers are shown in the following table (in thousands).

	Tuition, Fees, Room and Board	Sponsored Projects	Third-Party Vendors/ Sponsorship Agreements	Other	Total
Balance at June 30, 2017	\$ 12,287	\$ 1,861	\$ 5,763	\$ 69	\$ 19,980
Revenue recognized	(12,287)	(1,983)	(1,023)	(69)	(15,362)
Amounts recorded for future performance obligations	11,841	6,498	7,650	147	26,136
Balance at June 30, 2018	11,841	6,376	12,390	147	30,754
Revenue recognized	(11,841)	(6,440)	(1,850)	(147)	(20,278)
Amounts recorded for future performance obligations	11,045	474	17,822	44	29,385
Balance at June 30, 2019	<u>\$ 11,045</u>	<u>\$ 410</u>	<u>\$ 28,362</u>	<u>\$ 44</u>	<u>\$ 39,861</u>

**11. Liabilities Associated with Investments**

The University invests capital on behalf of a religious entity that shares the University's Catholic ministry and educational missions. Accordingly, the University reports an equal asset and liability in the statements of financial position representing the fair value of investments managed on behalf of the entity.

**12. Tuition and Fee Revenue**

The University recognizes revenue from student tuition and fees within the fiscal year in which educational services are provided. Institutional aid, in the form of scholarships and grants-in-aid, includes amounts funded by endowments, research funds, and gifts, reduces the amount of revenue recognized.

Revenue for tuition and fees for all of the summer terms are recognized as performance obligations are met. Because the summer academic terms span two reporting periods, a portion of the revenue for the summer terms are included in deferred revenue at June 30, 2019 and 2018. Deferred revenues for the summer terms are shown in Note A.10.

The following details the gross and net amounts of tuition and fees for fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 (in thousands):

	2019	2018
Tuition and fees	\$ 344,254	\$ 326,882
Less institutional aid	(120,816)	(114,845)
Tuition and fees - net	<u>\$ 223,438</u>	<u>\$ 212,037</u>

Duquesne University of the Holy Spirit

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2019 and 2018

13. Auxiliary Services Revenue

Auxiliary services exist to furnish goods or services to students, faculty, staff, or incidentally to the general public. Fees charged for auxiliary services are directly related to, although not necessarily equal to, the cost of the goods or services provided.

Auxiliary services revenue includes activities for student housing and dining facilities, parking services, and other miscellaneous activities. Institutional aid specifically for defraying the cost of room and board reduces the amount of revenue recognized.

Revenues for auxiliary services are recognized as performance obligations are met over the academic term. Because the summer terms span two reporting periods, a portion of the revenue for the summer terms are included in deferred revenue at June 30, 2019 and 2018. Deferred revenues for the summer terms are shown in Note A.10.

The following details the gross and net amounts of auxiliary services revenue for fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 (in thousands):

	2019	2018
Auxiliary enterprises	\$ 47,180	\$ 49,981
Less auxiliary institutional aid	(13,916)	(11,562)
Auxiliary enterprises - net	<u>\$ 33,264</u>	<u>\$ 38,419</u>

14. Gifts and Grants

The University reports gifts and grants of cash and other assets as net assets with donor restrictions if they are received with donor stipulations that limit the use of the donated assets. When a donor restriction expires (i.e., when a stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished), net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the statements of activities as net assets released from restrictions.

The University reports gifts of land, buildings, and equipment as net assets without donor restrictions, unless explicit donor stipulations specify how the donated assets must be used. Gifts of long-lived assets with explicit restrictions that specify how the assets are to be used and gifts of cash or other assets that must be used to acquire long-lived assets are reported as net assets with donor restrictions. Absent explicit donor stipulations about how long those long-lived assets must be maintained, the University reports expirations of donor restrictions when donated assets are placed in service.

The University receives sponsored project funding from various governmental, corporate, and private organizations, which are recorded as grants and contracts revenue. The funding may represent a reciprocal transaction in exchange for an equivalent benefit in return, or it may be a nonreciprocal transaction in which the resources provided are for the benefit of the University, the funding organization's mission, or the public at large. Contracts are generally without donor restrictions.

Revenues from exchange transactions are recognized as performance obligations are satisfied, which in some cases are as related costs are incurred.

Revenues from non-exchange transactions (contributions) may be subject to conditions, in the form of both a barrier to entitlement and a refund of amounts paid (or a release from obligation to make future payments). Revenues from conditional non-exchange transactions are recognized when the barrier is satisfied.

**Duquesne University of the Holy Spirit**

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

**June 30, 2019 and 2018**

**15. Investments and Investment Income**

In accordance with guidance on accounting for certain investments held by not-for-profit organizations, investments are recorded at fair value. A summary of the inputs used in valuing the University's investments as of June 30, 2019 and 2018 is included in Note B.

Interest income, unrealized gains and losses on investments, and realized gains and losses from the sale of investments are accounted for in the statements of activities in the net asset classification that holds the investments, except for income and gains and losses derived from investments of endowment and funds functioning as endowment, which are accounted for in the net asset classification designated by the donor or by law.

**16. Federal Student Loan Program**

The University administers and contributes a portion of the total funds available for various student loan programs, including Perkins, Nursing, Health Profession, and Nursing Faculty Loans. The loan programs are financed primarily by the U.S. government. Loans are made to qualified students and are reported as loans receivable - net in the statements of financial position. Upon termination of the programs, the amounts representing net government advances (federal loan funds), which are reflected as a liability of approximately \$11.9 million and \$12.6 million at June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively, will be returned to the government.

**17. Fair Value**

The estimated fair value of all financial instruments has been determined using available market information and appropriate valuation methodologies. However, considerable judgment is required to interpret market data in developing fair value estimates. Accordingly, the estimates included herein are not necessarily indicative of amounts the University could realize in current market exchange. The use of different market assumptions and/or estimation methodologies may have a material effect on estimated fair value amounts. All other financial instruments, other than investments as discussed above, are recorded at historical cost, which approximates fair value.

**18. Guarantees and Commitments**

In the ordinary course of business, the University enters into contracts with third parties pursuant to which the third parties provide services on behalf of the University. In many of the contracts, the University agrees to indemnify the third-party service provider under certain circumstances. The terms of the indemnity vary from contract to contract, and the amount of the indemnification liability, if any, cannot be determined. The University also has minimum purchase requirements related to certain utility contracts that have been met annually through June 30, 2019.

Pursuant to its bylaws, the University provides indemnification to directors, officers, and, in some cases, employees and agents against certain liabilities incurred as a result of their service on behalf of or at the request of the University and also advance on behalf of covered individual costs incurred in defending against certain claims, if any, subject to written undertakings by each such individual to repay all amounts so advanced if it is ultimately determined that the individual is not entitled to indemnification.

**Duquesne University of the Holy Spirit**

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

**June 30, 2019 and 2018**

**19. Insurance Liabilities**

The University is self-insured through an agreement with third-party providers to provide medical coverage for all full-time University employees. A liability for estimated incurred but unreported claims has been recorded in accounts payable and accrued expenses at June 30, 2019 and 2018, based upon a third-party evaluation of claims and management's analysis of past claims history. The third-party evaluation of claims includes assumptions and methods that were reviewed by University management.

The University is also self-insured for certain other activities, principally workers' compensation. Liabilities have been established based on third-party estimates using the University's historical loss experience. The self-insurance accrual is subject to periodic adjustment by the University based on actual loss experience factors.

**20. Nonoperating Activities**

Nonoperating activities include gifts and pledges related to endowments and funds functioning as endowments, bequests, annuity and loan activity restricted in perpetuity, return on investments less amounts distributed, and net periodic benefit costs other than service costs. They also include nonrecurring items such as costs associated with separation agreements and losses on the defeasance of bonds.

**21. Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements**

Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2014-09, *Revenue (Topic 606): Revenue from Contracts with Customers*, outlines a single comprehensive model for entities to use in accounting for revenue arising from contracts, whether or not written, with customers and supersedes most current revenue recognition guidance, including industry-specific guidance. The core principle of ASU 2014-09 is that an entity should recognize revenue when it transfers promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services by applying five steps listed in the guidance. ASU 2014-09 also requires disclosure of both quantitative and qualitative information that enables users of financial statements to understand the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from customers. The University adopted ASU 2014-09 in fiscal year 2019, using the full retrospective approach.

ASU No. 2016-02, *Leases (Topic 842)*, requires that most leased assets be recognized on the statement of financial position as right of use ("ROU") assets and corresponding lease liabilities. Disclosure requirements have been enhanced with the objective of enabling financial statement users to assess the amount, timing, and uncertainty of cash flows arising from leases.

The University elected to early adopt Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 842, effective July 1, 2018, as permitted in the guidance. The standard has been implemented using the effective date method, and the University has also elected to utilize the available practical expedients. In using the effective date method, the University was required to recognize and measure leases existing at, or entered into after July 1, 2018 on the statement of financial position. This resulted in a noncash ROU asset and lease liability, each amounting to \$5.5 million and \$5.4 million as of July 1, 2018, respectively. The adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on the statement of activities during the year ended June 30, 2019. The comparative period for the year ended June 30, 2018 was not adjusted and is presented in accordance with ASC Topic 840.

**Duquesne University of the Holy Spirit**

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

**June 30, 2019 and 2018**

ASU No. 2016-14, *Presentation of Financial Statements of Not-for-Profit Entities*, intends to make certain improvements to the current reporting requirements for not-for-profit entities including: (1) the presentation for two classes of net assets at the end of the period, rather than the currently required three classes, as well as the annual change in each of the two classes; (2) the removal of the requirement to present or disclose the indirect method (reconciliation) when using the direct method for the statement of cash flows; and (3) the requirement to provide various enhanced disclosures relating to various not-for-profit specific topics. The University adopted the provisions of ASU 2016-14 in fiscal year 2019 and has applied the amendments retrospectively as required by the standard.

Prior to the adoption of ASU 2016-14, the University released gifts restricted for capital additions as capital expenditures were incurred. Restatements to reclassify net assets without donor restrictions to net assets with donor restrictions for releases made for capital expenditures not placed in service as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, as required under the provisions of ASU 2016-14, were made in connection with the adoption of this standard.

ASU No. 2018-08, *Not-for-profit Entities: Clarifying the Scope and Accounting Guidance for Contributions Received and Contributions Made*, intends to clarify and improve the scope and accounting guidance for contributions received and contributions made. The amendment provides (1) a framework for determining whether a transaction should be accounted for as a contribution or as an exchange transaction, including how to evaluate whether a resource provider is receiving commensurate value in an exchange transaction, and (2) guidance to assist entities in determining whether a contribution is either conditional or unconditional. Guidance applies to both recipients and resource providers. The University adopted the provisions of ASU 2018-08 as of July 1, 2018. As a result of the implementation, the University recognized grant and contract revenue of \$6.3 million, deferred revenue decreased \$5.9 million, and accounts receivable increased \$0.4 million. The amendments were applied prospectively, and there is no prior period restatement.

ASU No. 2017-07, *Compensation – Retirement Benefits*, requires the service cost component of net periodic benefit cost for pension and other postretirement benefits be presented as a component part of employee benefit expense. The other components of net periodic benefit cost, such as interest, expected return on plan assets, and amortization of other actuarially determined amounts, are required to be presented as a nonoperating change in net assets without restrictions. The University adopted the provisions of ASU 2017-07 in fiscal year 2019. The changes have been applied retrospectively in the fiscal year 2018 statement of activities by reclassifying \$0.5 million of non-service related components of net periodic benefit cost from benefits expense to other nonoperating changes in net assets without donor restrictions.

See Note A.22, below, for a summary of the various reclassifications and restatements due to recently issued accounting pronouncements.

**Duquesne University of the Holy Spirit**

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

**June 30, 2019 and 2018**

**22. Restatements and Reclassifications**

Certain items in the prior year statement of financial position and statement of activities have been restated or reclassified due to the recently issued accounting pronouncements as described in Note A.21 above. Below is a summary of these adjustments (in thousands):

<b>Fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 Restatement of Net Assets</b>	<u>FY17 as audited</u>	<u>ASU 2014-09 Summer 2017 revenue</u>	<u>ASU 2016-14 FY17 net asset releases</u>	<u>FY17 as restated</u>
<b>Net assets</b>				
Unrestricted net assets/ without donor restrictions	\$ 284,417	\$ (5,217)	\$ (1,240)	\$ 277,960
Temporarily and permanently restricted net assets/ with donor restrictions	<u>169,545</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,240</u>	<u>170,785</u>
Total net assets	<u>\$ 453,962</u>	<u>\$ (5,217)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 448,745</u>
<b>Fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 Restatement of Statement of Financial Position</b>	<u>FY18 as audited</u>	<u>ASU 2014-09 Summer 2018 revenue</u>	<u>ASU 2016-14 FY18 net asset releases</u>	<u>FY18 as restated</u>
<b>Assets</b>				
Deferred charges and other assets	\$ 5,839	\$ 816	\$ -	\$ 6,655
<b>Liabilities</b>				
Deferred revenues and deposits	23,908	6,846	-	30,754
<b>Net assets</b>				
Unrestricted net assets/ without donor restrictions	303,432	(6,030)	(338)	297,064
Temporarily and permanently restricted net assets/ with donor restrictions	192,969	-	338	193,307



**Duquesne University of the Holy Spirit**

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

**June 30, 2019 and 2018**

<b>Fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 Restatement of Statement of Activities</b>	ASU 2014-09		ASU 2017-07	ASU 2016-14		FY18 as restated
	FY18 as audited	Summer 2017 revenue		Summer 2018 revenue	FY17 net asset releases	
<b>Operating revenues</b>						
Tuition and fees, net	\$ 212,897	\$ 5,442	\$ (6,302)	\$ -	\$ -	\$212,037
Auxiliary enterprises, net	38,391	-	28	-	-	38,419
Released from restrictions:						
Unrestricted net assets/ without donor restrictions	20,814	-	-	-	1,240	(338)
Temporarily restricted net assets/with donor restrictions	(20,814)	-	-	-	(1,240)	338
<b>Total operating expenses</b>	283,203	225	(244)	459	-	-
<b>Nonoperating revenues and expenses</b>						
Net periodic benefit cost other than service cost	-	-	-	459	-	-
Net of restatements and reclassifications		\$ 5,217	\$ (6,030)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

**NOTE B - INVESTMENTS**

A summary of the University's investments measured at fair value at June 30, 2019 and 2018, based on level within the fair value hierarchy, is as follows (in thousands):

	2019	2018
<u>Level 1 - Quoted Prices in Active Markets</u>		
Equity securities - all cap	\$ 2,018	\$ 1,939
Mutual funds:		
Money market	22,980	34,018
Large cap	94,856	66,927
Small cap	11,253	11,523
Global and international	26,672	23,550
Other	5,592	6,547
Receivable for investments redeemed	1,060	-
	164,431	144,504
<u>Level 2 - Significant Observable Inputs</u>		
Debt securities issued by U.S. Treasury and other U.S. agencies	16,586	12,018
Debt issued by foreign government	1	14
Corporate debt securities	13,853	8,947
Asset-backed securities	752	272
	31,192	21,251
 Total investments measured at fair value	 195,623	 165,755
 Investments measured at net asset value	 283,268	 219,463
Total investment assets	\$ 478,891	\$ 385,218

**Duquesne University of the Holy Spirit**

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

**June 30, 2019 and 2018**

Investments reflected in the statements of financial position as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, are summarized as follows (in thousands):

	2019	2018
Endowment and funds functioning as endowment	\$ 382,437	\$ 305,750
Long-term working capital	85,537	67,748
Investments managed for others	3,813	3,850
Annuities	4,414	4,186
Deferred compensation and other	2,690	3,684
Total	\$ 478,891	\$ 385,218

As of June 30, 2019 and 2018, there were no significant concentrations of investments as no individual investment exceeded 10% of total assets.

In determining fair value, the University uses various approaches, including Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") ASC 820, *Fair Value Measurements*, which establishes a hierarchy for inputs used in measuring fair value that maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs by requiring that the most observable inputs be used when available. Observable inputs are inputs that market participants would use in pricing an asset based on market data obtained from sources independent of the organization. Unobservable inputs reflect an organization's estimates about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing an asset and are developed based on the best information available in the circumstances. The hierarchy is broken down into three levels based on the observability of inputs as follows:

- Level 1 - Valuations based on quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets that the organization has the ability to access. As valuations are based on quoted market prices that are readily available in an active market, valuations of these products do not entail a significant degree of judgment.
- Level 2 - Valuations based on one or more quoted prices in markets that are not active or for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 - Valuations based on inputs that are unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement.

The University also reports under the FASB update for *Investments in Certain Entities that Calculate Net Asset Value (NAV) per Share (or its Equivalent)*, which permits, as a practical expedient, the University to measure the fair value of an investment that is within the scope of the update on the basis of the net asset value per share of the investment or its equivalent determined as of the University's fiscal year end. Under this approach, certain attributes for the investment, such as restrictions and transaction prices from principal-to-principal or brokered transactions, are not considered in measuring the fair value of an investment.

The availability of observable inputs can vary from instrument to instrument and is affected by a wide variety of factors, including, for example, the liquidity of markets and other characteristics particular to the transaction. To the extent that a valuation is based on models or inputs that are less observable in the market, the determination of fair value requires more judgment.

**Duquesne University of the Holy Spirit**

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

**June 30, 2019 and 2018**

The University uses prices and inputs that are current as of the measurement date, which are obtained through multiple third-party custodians from independent pricing services.

Descriptions of the valuation techniques applied to the major categories of investments measured at fair value are outlined below.

- The fair value of common, preferred, and foreign stocks and exchange-traded notes is valued using quoted market prices in active markets. Such actively traded securities are categorized in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy.
- Mutual funds are open-ended Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) registered funds with daily quoted market prices. The mutual funds allow investors to sell their interests to the fund at the published daily quoted market prices, with no restrictions on redemptions. These mutual funds are categorized in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy.
- Government securities, government agency securities, corporate fixed-income securities, and asset-backed mortgage securities, including residential mortgage-backed securities and commercial mortgage-backed securities, are categorized in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy as the fair value is based on multiple sources of information, which may include market data and/or quoted market prices from either markets that are not active or are for the same or similar assets in active markets.
- Limited liability partnerships are partnerships created and administered by a general partner who invests either directly in a specified investment strategy or indirectly through other limited liability partnerships in so called “fund of funds.” The underlying investments of these funds can be actively traded securities in the case of certain hedge fund strategies or illiquid and privately held equity investment, as in the case of private equity investments. The partnership documents outline the terms and conditions by which the general partner administers the partnership and its investments. Each limited partner owns a specified share of the partnership. These partnerships cannot be marketed to the public and are restricted, by regulation, to qualified investors. The underlying investments of these partnerships include many different types of investments, including interest rate swaps, commercial paper, foreign currency, private equity, short-term interest in common stock, and convertible bonds. These investments are carried at fair value as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, based on estimates developed by the management of the investment entities investing in the funds. These valuations include assumptions and methods that are reviewed by University management. The valuation of the partnership interest typically is performed at least quarterly by the general partner through unaudited statements and validated through annual audited financial statements. In certain partnerships, the readily available data on market values allows for monthly valuation of the partnership interest. As such, the fair value of these partnerships is measured using the net asset value as calculated by the custodian.

The University believes that the reported amount of its investments is a reasonable estimate of fair value as of June 30, 2019 and 2018. As the estimated value is subject to uncertainty, the reported value may differ from the value that would have been used had a ready market existed.

There has been no significant change in valuation techniques of investments during the year.

Interest, dividends, and realized and unrealized gains - net, are included as a component of both operating and nonoperating items.

**Duquesne University of the Holy Spirit**

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

**June 30, 2019 and 2018**

Investment income for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, exclusive of earnings on idle receipts, escrow funds, and other deposits with trustees, consisted of the following (in thousands):

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Interest and dividends	\$ 2,804	\$ 1,856
Realized gains on marketable securities, net	4,373	3,803
Unrealized gains on marketable securities, net	1,362	20,304
Total	<u>\$ 8,539</u>	<u>\$ 25,963</u>

The following table summarizes the alternative investments by strategy type (in thousands):

Description	<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>		Unfunded Commitment at June 30, 2019	Redemption Terms	Redemption Notice Period
	Number of Funds	Fair Value	Number of Funds	Fair Value			
Hedge funds	24	\$ 268,972	22	\$ 208,243	\$ -	Daily, semi-monthly, monthly, quarterly, annually	3-93 days
Private equity	16	14,296	9	11,220	39,538		
Total	<u>40</u>	<u>\$ 283,268</u>	<u>31</u>	<u>\$ 219,463</u>	<u>\$ 39,538</u>		

Investments held by the University may be subject to restrictions related to the initial investment that limit the University's ability to redeem capital from such investments during a specified period of time subsequent to the University's investment of capital in such funds, typically known as a lock-up period. Capital available for redemption after the lock-up period has expired may also be subject to limits, which restrict the available redemption period, and require prior written notice, potentially limiting the University's ability to respond quickly to changes in market conditions. As of June 30, 2019, there were six funds with a market value of \$8.0 million with lock-up expiring in fiscal year 2020.

Private equity alternative investments cannot be redeemed upon request. Instead, the nature of these investments is that distributions are received through the liquidation of the underlying assets of the fund. It is estimated that the underlying assets of these funds would be liquidated over approximately one to ten years.

**Duquesne University of the Holy Spirit**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**  
**June 30, 2019 and 2018**

**NOTE C - ENDOWMENT AND FUNDS FUNCTIONING AS ENDOWMENT**

Endowment and funds functioning as endowment related activity (including amounts for pledges with donor restrictions) during the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, are as follows (in thousands):

	2019		
	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	Total
Endowment net assets, beginning of year	\$ 139,436	\$ 168,773	\$ 308,209
Investment return:			
Investment income	1,450	833	2,283
Net realized and unrealized gains	2,822	2,508	5,330
Total	4,272	3,341	7,613
Contributions	-	4,916	4,916
Appropriation of endowment assets for expenditure	(5,717)	(5,878)	(11,595)
Additional authorized amounts	74,327	-	74,327
Change in endowment net assets	72,882	2,379	75,261
Endowment net asset, end of year	<u>\$ 212,318</u>	<u>\$ 171,152</u>	<u>\$ 383,470</u>
	2018		
	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	Total
Endowment net assets, beginning of year	\$ 117,995	\$ 154,844	\$ 272,839
Investment return:			
Investment income	653	844	1,497
Net realized and unrealized gains	9,180	11,671	20,851
Total	9,833	12,515	22,348
Contributions	-	7,349	7,349
Appropriation of endowment assets for expenditure	(4,498)	(5,935)	(10,433)
Additional authorized amounts	16,106	-	16,106
Change in endowment net assets	21,441	13,929	35,370
Endowment net asset, end of year	<u>\$ 139,436</u>	<u>\$ 168,773</u>	<u>\$ 308,209</u>

The endowment and funds functioning as endowment net asset composition by type of fund at June 30, 2019 and 2018, is composed of the following (in thousands):

	2019		
	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	Total
Scholarship	\$ 39,445	\$ 85,625	\$ 125,070
Operational purposes	172,873	85,165	258,038
Total	<u>\$ 212,318</u>	<u>\$ 170,790</u>	<u>\$ 383,108</u>

**Duquesne University of the Holy Spirit**

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

**June 30, 2019 and 2018**

	2018		
	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	Total
Scholarship	\$ 39,726	\$ 83,162	\$ 122,888
Operational purposes	99,710	85,352	185,062
Total	<u>\$ 139,436</u>	<u>\$ 168,514</u>	<u>\$ 307,950</u>

The University maintains a total return spending policy, which was 4.25% and 4.50% of the average fair market value of the previous sixteen quarters ending December 31, 2017 and 2016, for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. The University has adopted PA Trust Law Act 141, which requires a release of between 2% and 7%. Separating spending policy from investment policy permits asset allocation decisions to be made independently of the need for current income. The University’s investment policy has a primary objective to achieve annualized total return, through appreciation and income, equal to or greater than the rate of inflation plus any spending and administrative expenses. This allows the University to maintain purchasing power of the investment pool. The assets are managed in a manner that will meet the primary investment objective, while attempting to limit volatility in the portfolio’s market value, thereby limiting volatility in the year-to-year spending. The policy allows for a range of asset classes, including global equity and debt securities, real assets and alternative investments. The University includes its interest in perpetual trusts in endowment and funds functioning as endowment. Changes in the value of the endowment and funds functioning as endowment are included in the nonoperating section of the statements of activities along with the changes in long-term working capital, value of annuities and loan funds restricted in perpetuity.

From time to time, the fair value of assets of individual donor-restricted endowment funds may fall below the level required to be maintained in perpetuity in accordance with the applicable donor gift document, creating an “underwater” endowment fund. There were six endowment funds with underwater deficiencies totaling \$0.03 million as of June 30, 2019, and five endowment funds with underwater deficiencies totaling \$0.02 million as of June 30, 2018.

The University is one of 15 designated institutions of higher learning and other charitable organizations named as beneficiaries of The Dietrich Foundation (the “Foundation”) created by William S. Dietrich II pursuant to an Amended and Restated Declaration of Trust dated August 23, 2011. The Foundation came into existence as a Pennsylvania charitable trust on October 6, 2011 and was granted exemption from Federal income tax under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, specifically as a Type I charitable supporting organization under Section 509(a)(3). The Foundation’s primary mission is to provide ongoing and increasing financial support to a number of educational institutions, largely in the greater Pittsburgh area, including the University. The Foundation is governed by a board of nine (9) trustees. Five (5) of the trustees are Educational Institutions Trustees.

The Foundation is expected to make annual distributions that will be allocated among the pre-specified supporting organizations, which are divided into two primary groups: (a) six (6) educational institutions, which collectively shall receive 90% of the annual distribution amount, and (b) nine (9) other charitable organizations or component funds of such charitable organizations, which collectively shall receive 10% of the annual distribution amount. The University is included in the 90% group. As of June 30, 2019, the University’s distribution share was 2.5%.

Duquesne University of the Holy Spirit

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2019 and 2018

The distributions to the University have been recorded as contribution revenue with donor restrictions as received and held in an endowment fund restricted in perpetuity designated by Dietrich Foundation Endowment Fund. The endowed fund will be managed in accordance with the University's generally applicable investment and disbursement policies in effect for its other endowments restricted in perpetuity. Distributions made from the endowed fund will be used for the purpose authorized by the Foundation's trustees. Distributions of approximately \$668,000 and \$597,000 were received in fiscal years 2019 and 2018, respectively.

**NOTE D - FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIQUIDITY RESOURCES**

As of June 30, 2019, financial assets and liquidity resources available within one year for general expenditure, such as operating expenses, scheduled principal payments on debt, and capital construction not financed with debt, were as follows (in thousands):

	<u>2019</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 34,206
Accounts and pledges receivable, net	35,425
Investments	<u>478,891</u>
Total financial assets	548,522
Add: authorized spending amount without donor restrictions for the next 12 months	10,379
Less: investments in board-designated endowments and long-term working capital	(297,856)
Less: financial assets with contractual or donor-imposed restrictions	(206,561)
Less: accounts receivable collectible beyond one year	(13,483)
Less: investments and other financial assets held for others	<u>(10,459)</u>
Financial assets available to meet cash needs for general expenditures within one year	<u>\$ 30,542</u>

As part of the University's liquidity management, financial assets are structured to be available as general expenditures, liabilities, and other obligations come due. In addition, cash in excess of daily requirements is invested in short-term, cash-equivalent investments. To help manage unanticipated liquidity needs, the University has a committed line of credit in the amount of \$20 million, which could be drawn upon at any time. To date, there have been no draws made on the facility. Additionally, the University has quasi-endowment and working capital investments of \$298 million. Although the University does not intend to spend from these investments other than the amounts authorized as part of its spending policy, amounts from these investments could be made available if necessary with Board of Directors approval. However, the quasi-endowment, donor-restricted endowment and working capital all contain investments with lock-up provisions that would reduce the total investments that could be made available (see Note B for disclosure about investments).

**Duquesne University of the Holy Spirit**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**  
**June 30, 2019 and 2018**

**NOTE E - RECEIVABLES**

Accounts receivable at June 30, 2019 and 2018, consist of the following (in thousands):

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Student accounts receivable - net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$1,691 and \$1,849 in 2019 and 2018, respectively	\$ 5,536	\$ 6,387
Grants and contracts receivable	2,050	1,424
Other accounts receivable - net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$2,315 and \$2,170 in 2019 and 2018, respectively	16,010	1,521
Net accounts receivable	<u>\$ 23,596</u>	<u>\$ 9,332</u>

After unsuccessful collection of past-due student accounts by two collections agencies for a 29-month period, the University will write the balance off.

Pledges receivable at June 30, 2019, and 2018, consist of the following (in thousands):

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Less than one year	\$ 2,625	\$ 3,946
One to five years	6,800	6,889
More than five years	6,313	7,556
Total pledges receivable	15,738	18,391
Less present value adjustment	(2,543)	(2,566)
Present value of pledges receivable	13,195	15,825
Less allowance for doubtful pledges	(1,366)	(847)
Net pledges receivable	<u>\$ 11,829</u>	<u>\$ 14,978</u>

Contributions receivable over more than one year are discounted to fair value using an appropriate discount rate ranging from 1.2% to 3.4% applicable to the year in which the pledge was received.

Fund-raising costs were \$5.3 million and \$5.2 million for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

***Loans Receivable***

The University makes uncollateralized loans to students based on financial need. Loans are funded through federal government loan programs or institutional resources. At June 30, 2019 and 2018, student loans represented 1.2% and 1.6% of total assets, respectively.



**Duquesne University of the Holy Spirit**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**  
**June 30, 2019 and 2018**

At June 30, 2019 and 2018, student loans consisted of the following (in thousands):

	2019	2018
Federal government programs	\$ 11,242	\$ 12,728
Institutional programs	513	587
	11,755	13,315
Less allowance for doubtful loans:		
Beginning of year	(1,094)	(1,126)
(Increase) decrease	(392)	32
End of year	(1,486)	(1,094)
Loans receivable, net	\$ 10,269	\$ 12,221

The University participates in the following federal revolving loan programs: Perkins, Nursing, Health Profession, and the Nurse Faculty Loan Programs. The availability of funds for loans under these programs is dependent on reimbursements to the pool from repayments on outstanding loans. Outstanding loans canceled under the programs result in a reduction of the funds available for loans and a decrease in the liability to the government.

The past-due principal amounts under the student loan programs at June 30, 2019 and 2018, are as follows (in thousands):

	2019	2018
1 - 60 days past due	\$ 49	\$ 251
60 - 90 days past due	213	136
90+ days past due	1,547	1,617
Total past due	\$ 1,809	\$ 2,004

**NOTE F - PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND CONDITIONAL ASSET RETIREMENT OBLIGATIONS**

The University's investment in property, plant, and equipment at June 30, 2019 and 2018, consists of the following (in thousands):

	2019	2018
Land and land improvements	\$ 38,827	\$ 38,760
Building and building improvements	420,745	438,038
Furniture and equipment	83,871	84,266
Construction in progress	11,009	7,412
	554,452	568,476
Less accumulated depreciation	(292,046)	(285,238)
Property, plant and equipment, net	\$ 262,406	\$ 283,238

**Duquesne University of the Holy Spirit**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**  
**June 30, 2019 and 2018**

Depreciation expense was \$21.6 million and \$23.2 million for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

In May of 2019, the University closed on the sale of its Tri Generation facility to a subsidiary of Clearway Energy, Inc. ("Clearway"), and the parties have entered into a 40-year energy services agreement. The strategic partnership creates an arrangement to interconnect the Duquesne System, owned and operated by Clearway, to a neighboring Clearway system. The connection will make operating both facilities more efficient and provide back-up capacity if either system needs to shut down for maintenance or other reasons. The new arrangement will also monetize excess steam capacity currently produced by the plant on Duquesne's campus, unlocking economic value for the University.

The sale of the Tri Generation facility resulted in the retirement of property, plant and equipment with a net book value of \$22.3 million, and the recognition of a gain on the sale of \$73.0 million.

Substantially all property, plant and equipment are pledged under the University's debt agreements.

The University follows guidance on accounting for conditional asset retirement obligations, which states that a conditional asset retirement obligation must meet the definition of a liability, even though uncertainty may exist about the timing or method of settlement. Under the provisions of such guidance, the University is obligated to record a liability for conditional asset retirement obligations. The University performed an analysis of such obligations and determined that asbestos remediation costs represented the University's primary source of such liabilities. The University reviewed facilities on all campus locations and determined the timing, method, and cost of asbestos remediation using a variety of assumptions and estimates.

The analysis included an estimated inflation factor and discount rate, which were used to determine the present value of the obligation. The reconciliation of the liability related to conditional asset retirement obligations at June 30, 2019 and 2018, is presented below (in thousands):

	2019	2018
Beginning liability balance	\$ 3,373	\$ 4,489
Liabilities settled	(500)	(230)
Accretion expense	211	281
Revisions in estimated cash flows	166	(6)
	(123)	45
Settlement of asset retirement obligations related to sale of property, plant and equipment	-	(1,161)
Ending liability balance	<u>\$ 3,250</u>	<u>\$ 3,373</u>

The discount rate used to determine the liability was 6.25% at both June 30, 2019 and 2018. The undiscounted liability, inclusive of inflation adjustments, was \$9.5 million and \$9.8 million at June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

**Duquesne University of the Holy Spirit**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**  
**June 30, 2019 and 2018**

**NOTE G - DEBT AND LEASE OBLIGATIONS**

Long-term debt at June 30, 2019 and 2018, consists of the following (in thousands):

	Rate	2019	2018
University revenue and refunding bonds:			
1998 Series Bond due through 2020	4.25 - 5.50%	\$ 1,250	\$ 1,990
2001 Series A Bond due through 2019	4.40 - 5.25	-	1,020
2011 Series A Bonds due through 2031	3.00 - 5.50	9,710	10,410
2013 Series A Bonds due through 2034	2.50 - 5.00	28,440	30,680
2014 Series A Bonds due through 2033	2.00 - 5.00	26,125	32,425
2016 Series Bonds due through 2033	2.25 - 5.00	56,755	58,040
2018 Series Bonds due through 2034	5.00	17,760	17,760
2019 Series A Bonds due through 2039	4.00 - 5.00	18,690	-
2019 Series B Bonds due through 2035	4.12	10,000	-
		<u>168,730</u>	<u>152,325</u>
Lease obligations		5,074	209
Gross debt		<u>173,804</u>	<u>152,534</u>
Plus net unaccreted bond premium		16,005	15,600
Less deferred bond costs		(936)	(825)
Debt		<u>188,873</u>	<u>167,309</u>
Less debt service reserves and accounts		(1,696)	(1,728)
Less escrow deposits for 2001 Series A Bonds debt service		-	(1,024)
Net debt		<u>\$ 187,177</u>	<u>\$ 164,557</u>

Principal payments in future years are as follows (in thousands):

Year ending June 30,	Debt	Finance Leases	Operating Leases	Total
2020	\$ 7,030	\$ 40	\$ 1,341	\$ 8,411
2021	7,380	25	1,289	8,694
2022	7,790	14	1,000	8,804
2023	8,180	-	842	9,022
2024	8,590	-	629	9,219
Thereafter	129,760	-	229	129,989
	<u>168,730</u>	<u>79</u>	<u>5,330</u>	<u>174,139</u>
Less present value discount	-	(3)	(332)	(335)
Total	<u>\$ 168,730</u>	<u>\$ 76</u>	<u>\$ 4,998</u>	<u>\$ 173,804</u>

As disclosed in Note A, the University adopted ASC Topic 842 related to leases for the year ended June 30, 2019. The lessor arrangements create right-of-use assets and lease liabilities.

**Duquesne University of the Holy Spirit**

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

**June 30, 2019 and 2018**

As of June 30, 2019, the University is a party to 33 operating leases and four finance leases as the lessee. As a result of the adoption of ASC Topic 842, the University recognized a lease liability of \$5.4 million with a corresponding right of use asset of \$5.5 million based on the present value of the minimum rental payments of such leases. The discount rate used for leases is the stated rate for the lease or the U.S. Treasury rate. Many of the University's leases provide for options to renew subsequent to the current term. The options to renew the leases were not considered when assessing the value of the right-of-use asset if the University was not reasonably certain that it would assert its option to renew the lease.

Quantitative information regarding the University's leases for the year ended June 30, 2019 is as follows (in thousands):

	Finance Leases	Operating Leases
Lease cost	\$ 41	\$ 1,327
Other information:		
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities:		
Operating cash flows	\$ 3	\$ 1,307
Financing cash flows	36	-
Right of use assets obtained in exchange for new lease liabilities	\$ -	\$ 917
Weighted-average remaining lease term (in years)	2.26	5.11
Weighted average discount rate	3.77%	1.81%

*University Revenue and Refunding Bonds ("1998 Series")* - In March 1998, the Allegheny County Higher Education Building Authority (the "Authority") issued \$18.6 million of revenue refunding bonds to provide for the advance refunding of the remaining principal amount outstanding of the University's Revenue Bonds 1991 Series B, 1991 Series C, and the 1992 Series and to provide for bond issuance costs. These bonds are insured by Ambac.

The bonds mature annually in principal amounts ranging from \$0.7 million to \$0.9 million beginning in fiscal year 1999 and ended in fiscal year 2011, with original payments of \$1.9 million, \$3.4 million, and \$3.3 million in fiscal 2013, 2016, and 2020, respectively. The fiscal 2013, 2016, and 2020 maturities are subject to mandatory debt service payments beginning in fiscal year 2012 and ending in fiscal year 2020 in amounts ranging from \$0.6 million to \$1.3 million.

Approximately \$0.4 million of costs related to the issuance of these bonds has been deferred and is being amortized over the life of the bonds. In addition, approximately \$0.3 million of the original issue premium is being accreted over the life of the bonds. All debt issuance costs are recorded in debt and lease obligations on the statement of financial position.

**Duquesne University of the Holy Spirit**

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

**June 30, 2019 and 2018**

In connection with the issuance of these bonds, the University has agreed to certain covenants with which it must comply. The covenants provide that (1) the University cannot incur additional debt in excess of 2% of unrestricted gross revenues, unless the maximum annual debt service requirements on all outstanding long-term debt and the long-term debt to be incurred does not exceed 12% of the unrestricted gross revenues, and (2) the debt service coverage ratio on additional long-term debt is not less than 1.15 for the preceding fiscal year. Additionally, these bond covenants provide that the University cannot incur additional long-term debt in any amount, unless (1) the sum of the total debt service payments made during the preceding fiscal year and the maximum annual debt service requirements on the new long-term debt is less than 10% of the University's unrestricted operating revenues for the preceding fiscal year, and (2) the balance of the University's endowment is greater than 50% of all outstanding and proposed long-term debt.

*University Revenue Bonds ("Series A of 2001")* - In January 2001, the Authority issued \$12.1 million of revenue refunding bonds to provide for the current refunding of the remaining principal amount outstanding of the University's Revenue Bonds, 1991 Series A and provide for bond issuance costs. These bonds are insured by Ambac.

The bonds mature annually in principal amounts ranging from \$0.3 million to \$1.0 million beginning in fiscal year 2003 and ending in fiscal year 2019.

Approximately \$0.3 million of costs related to the issuance of these bonds has been deferred and is being amortized over the life of the bonds. In addition, approximately \$0.1 million of original issue discount is being amortized over the life of the bonds. All debt issuance costs are recorded in debt and lease obligations on the statement of financial position.

In March 2004, the Authority issued \$7.3 million of Taxable University Refunding Bonds to be used together with other funds of the University to provide for the advance refunding of the University Revenue Refunding Bonds Series A of 2001 (the "Refunded Bonds"). These bonds (2004) were redeemed in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. As of June 30, 2005, the covenants related to the Refunded Bonds are no longer applicable under the provisions of the prior indenture for the Refunded Bonds.

Under guidance for accounting for transfers and servicing of financial assets and extinguishments of liabilities, the funds held in escrow for the refunding of these Series A of 2001 bonds have been presented separately as an asset in the statements of financial position, rather than net against debt obligations. At June 30, 2018, the amounts held in escrow were \$1.0 million.

The University Revenue Bonds Series A of 2001 were retired on April 1, 2019.

*University Revenue Bonds ("Series A of 2011")* - In February 2011, the Authority issued \$53.5 million of revenue bonds to provide for a portion of (a) constructing, equipping, and furnishing an approximately 400-bed student housing facility on the University's main campus; (b) projects comprising the first phase of the University's 10-year housing renewal plan, including the renovation and improvement of the Duquesne Towers student housing facility; (c) miscellaneous capital expenditures now being incurred and expected to be incurred at the University's main campus over the next two years; (d) funding any interest during construction; and (e) to provide for bond issuance costs.

These bonds mature annually in principal amounts ranging from \$15,000 to \$14.5 million beginning in fiscal 2013 and ending in fiscal 2031.

Approximately \$0.2 million of costs related to the issuance of these bonds has been deferred and is being amortized over the life of the bonds. In addition, approximately \$0.5 million of original issue discount is being amortized over the life of the bonds. All debt issuance costs are recorded in debt and lease obligations on the statement of financial position.

**Duquesne University of the Holy Spirit**

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

**June 30, 2019 and 2018**

In connection with the issuance of these bonds, the University has agreed to certain covenants with which it must comply. The covenants provide that the University cannot incur additional long-term debt in any amount, unless (1) debt service requirements on all long-term debt during the fiscal year, plus the maximum annual debt service requirements on the proposed additional long-term debt is less than 10% of the University's unrestricted operating revenues during the previous fiscal year, and (2) the University's expendable resources are greater than 50% of all outstanding and proposed long-term debt; however, that such test shall not be required to be met if the additional long-term debt is being incurred to refund existing long-term debt and the maximum annual debt service requirements on the proposed long-term debt are less than or equal to the maximum annual debt service requirements on the existing long-term debt. In May 2016, the outstanding bonds were partially defeased in connection with the Series of 2016 bonds described below.

*University Revenue Bonds ("Series A of 2013")* - In March 2013, the Authority issued \$39.4 million of revenue bonds to provide for a portion of (a) renovations to the University's Duquesne Towers, St. Ann's Hall, and Libermann Hall; (b) other miscellaneous capital expenditures from the University's capital program; (c) the advance refunding of the Authority's outstanding University Revenue Bonds Series A of 2004; and (d) to provide for bond issuance costs.

These bonds mature annually in principal ranging from \$0.6 million to \$2.5 million beginning in fiscal 2014 and ending in fiscal 2034.

Approximately \$0.2 million of costs related to the issuance of these bonds has been deferred and is being amortized over the life of the bonds. In addition, approximately \$3.5 million of original issue premium is being amortized over the life of the bonds. All debt issuance costs are recorded in debt and lease obligations on the statement of financial position.

These bonds carry substantially the same covenants as the Series of 2011 bonds.

*University Revenue Bonds ("Series A of 2014")* - In December 2014, the Authority issued \$39.2 million of revenue bonds to provide for a portion of (a) the advance refunding of the Authority's outstanding University Revenue Bonds Series A of 2005; (b) the advance refunding of the Authority's outstanding University Revenue Bonds Series B of 2005; (c) the advance refunding of the Authority's outstanding Revenue Bonds Series A of 2007; and (d) to provide for bond issuance costs.

These bonds mature annually in principal ranging from \$1.0 million to \$3.8 million beginning in fiscal 2015 and ending in fiscal 2033.

Approximately \$0.3 million of costs related to the issuance of these bonds has been deferred and is being amortized over the life of the bonds. In addition, approximately \$4.5 million of original issue premium is being amortized over the life of the bonds. All debt issuance costs are recorded in debt and lease obligations on the statement of financial position.

These bonds carry substantially the same covenants as the Series of 2011 bonds. In June 2019, the outstanding bonds were partially defeased in connection with the sale of the Tri Generation facility.

*University Revenue Bonds ("Series of 2016")* - In May 2016, the Authority issued \$58.0 million of revenue bonds to provide for a portion of (a) the advance refunding of the Authority's outstanding University Revenue Bonds Series of 2008; (b) the advance refunding of the Authority's outstanding University Revenue Bonds Series A of 2011; and (c) to provide for bond issuance costs.

These bonds mature annually in principal ranging from \$0.1 million to \$7.8 million beginning in fiscal 2019 and ending in fiscal 2033.

**Duquesne University of the Holy Spirit**

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

**June 30, 2019 and 2018**

Approximately \$0.3 million of costs related to the issuance of these bonds has been deferred and is being amortized over the life of the bonds. In addition, approximately \$9.8 million of original issue premium is being amortized over the life of the bonds. All debt issuance costs are recorded in debt and lease obligations on the statement of financial position.

These bonds carry substantially the same covenants as the Series of 2011 bonds. In June 2019, the outstanding bonds were partially defeased in connection with the sale of the Tri Generation Facility.

*University Revenue Bonds ("Series of 2018")* - In May 2018, the Authority issued \$17.8 million of revenue bonds to provide for a portion of (a) upgrades and replacements to various mechanical systems, including HVAC, elevators, electrical switchgear, pneumatic controls, fan coil units, fire protection and sprinkler systems in the Koren Building, Fisher Hall, School of Law, College Hall, Richard King Mellon Hall of Science, Rockwell Hall, Libermann Hall, Gumberg Library, Administration Building and St. Ann Hall; (b) renovations to Rockwell Hall, Assumption Hall, St. Ann Hall, Richard King Mellon Hall of Science office and the Des Places Living Learning Centers; (c) roof replacements to Duquesne Union and Trinity Hall; (d) other miscellaneous capital expenditures on the main campus of the University; (e) funding capital interest; (f) funding of any necessary reserves; and (g) to provide for bond issuance costs.

These bonds mature annually in principal ranging from \$3.6 million to \$10.0 million beginning in fiscal 2032 and ending in fiscal 2034.

Approximately \$0.2 million of costs related to the issuance of these bonds has been deferred and is being amortized over the life of the bonds. In addition, approximately \$2.5 million of original issue premium is being amortized over the life of the bonds. All debt issuance costs are recorded in debt and lease obligations on the statement of financial position.

In connection with the issuance of these bonds, the University has agreed to certain covenants with which it must comply. The covenants provide that the University cannot incur additional long-term debt in any amount, unless (1) debt service requirements on all long-term debt during the fiscal year, plus the maximum annual debt service requirements on the proposed additional long-term debt, is less than 12% of the University's unrestricted operating revenues during the previous fiscal year, and (2) the University's expendable resources are greater than 50% of all outstanding and proposed long-term debt; however, that such test shall not be required to be met if the additional long-term debt is being incurred to refund existing long-term debt.

*University Revenue Bonds ("Series A of 2019")* - In March 2019, the Authority issued \$18.7 million of revenue bonds to finance all or a portion of the costs of (a) financing capital expenditures related to the renovation of the A.J. Palumbo Center; (b) financing other miscellaneous capital expenditures on the main campus of the University; and (c) paying the costs of issuance of the Bonds.

These bonds mature annually in principal ranging from \$4.4 million to \$5.0 million beginning in fiscal 2036 and ending in fiscal 2039.

Approximately \$0.1 million of costs related to the issuance of these bonds has been deferred and is being amortized over the life of the bonds. In addition, approximately \$2.6 million of original issue premium is being amortized over the life of the bonds. All debt issuance costs are recorded in debt and lease obligations on the statement of financial position.

These bonds carry substantially the same covenants as the Series of 2018 bonds.

*University Revenue Bonds ("Series B of 2019")* - In March 2019, the Authority issued \$10.0 million of revenue bonds. The bonds were issued for the same purpose as the Series A of 2019 bonds.

**Duquesne University of the Holy Spirit**

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

**June 30, 2019 and 2018**

These bonds mature in principal \$10.0 million in fiscal 2035.

Approximately \$0.1 million of costs related to the issuance of these bonds has been deferred and is being amortized over the life of the bonds. All debt issuance costs are recorded in debt and lease obligations on the statement of financial position.

These bonds carry substantially the same covenants as the Series of 2018 bonds.

**NOTE H - FUNCTIONAL CLASSIFICATION OF EXPENSES**

Expenses by functional and natural classification for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, are shown below (in thousands):

	2019								Allocated Expenses	Total
	Instructional	Institutional Support	Auxiliary Services	Academic Support	Student Services	Public Service	Research	Subtotal		
Salaries	\$ 67,550	\$ 20,705	\$ 10,737	\$ 18,288	\$ 7,757	\$ 1,513	\$ 2,627	\$ 129,177	\$ 11,063	\$ 140,240
Benefits	20,719	7,564	4,801	5,962	2,632	324	565	42,567	1,441	44,008
Supplies, services, and other	12,850	13,458	18,983	8,835	4,192	2,967	3,183	64,468	5,756	70,224
Utilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,409	6,409
Depreciation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21,966	21,966
Interest expense	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,299	5,299
Subtotal	101,119	41,727	34,521	33,085	14,581	4,804	6,375	236,212	51,934	288,146
Allocated costs	22,232	9,174	7,590	7,274	3,206	1,056	1,402	51,934	(51,934)	-
Total operating expenses	<u>\$ 123,351</u>	<u>\$ 50,901</u>	<u>\$ 42,111</u>	<u>\$ 40,359</u>	<u>\$ 17,787</u>	<u>\$ 5,860</u>	<u>\$ 7,777</u>	<u>\$ 288,146</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 288,146</u>

	2018								Allocated Expenses	Total
	Instructional	Institutional Support	Auxiliary Services	Academic Support	Student Services	Public Service	Research	Subtotal		
Salaries	\$ 65,888	\$ 20,457	\$ 10,341	\$ 18,363	\$ 7,404	\$ 1,644	\$ 2,773	\$ 126,870	\$ 11,453	\$ 138,323
Benefits	20,171	7,102	4,872	5,941	2,501	376	507	41,470	1,786	43,256
Supplies, services, and other	11,887	15,167	17,897	8,420	4,150	2,639	3,567	63,727	3,828	67,555
Utilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,151	7,151
Depreciation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	23,423	23,423
Interest expense	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,935	3,935
Subtotal	97,946	42,726	33,110	32,724	14,055	4,659	6,847	232,067	51,576	283,643
Allocated costs	21,768	9,496	7,358	7,273	3,124	1,036	1,521	51,576	(51,576)	-
Total operating expenses	<u>\$ 119,714</u>	<u>\$ 52,222</u>	<u>\$ 40,468</u>	<u>\$ 39,997</u>	<u>\$ 17,179</u>	<u>\$ 5,695</u>	<u>\$ 8,368</u>	<u>\$ 283,643</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 283,643</u>

Certain costs such as depreciation expense, utilities, interest expense and other operating costs have been allocated among the functional areas. These costs are primarily allocated based on direct costs.



**Duquesne University of the Holy Spirit**

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

**June 30, 2019 and 2018**

**NOTE I - RETIREMENT PLANS AND OTHER POSTRETIREMENT BENEFIT OBLIGATION**

The University participates in single-employer contributory retirement plans, which provide for the purchase of annuities and various mutual funds for academic, administrative, salaried, and other hourly employees. The employee is responsible for a 5% pretax contribution, while the University contributes 8% on behalf of the employee. The University also participates in a multi-employer noncontributory retirement plan for certain union employees, which is funded at the rate of 87 cents per hour worked up to a maximum of 40 hours per week. The University annually funds the retirement costs under both plans, which amounted to \$8.6 million and \$8.4 million for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

The University provides certain health care benefits to certain retired employees. These postretirement benefits are unfunded and generally are based on employees' years of service and compensation levels. The University is required to make an accrual of the expected costs of these benefits over the period in which the employees render the service.

Net periodic benefit costs for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, include the following components (in thousands):

	2019	2018
Service cost for fiscal year	\$ 177	\$ 198
Interest cost for fiscal year	315	297
Census and claims gain during fiscal year	(195)	(244)
Loss/(gain) due to assumption changes	670	(474)
Change in liability due to plan experience	(512)	160
Curtailment of postretirement benefit plan	(2,252)	-
Net periodic costs	\$ (1,797)	\$ (63)
Actual postretirement benefit payments (funded on a pay-as-you-go basis)	\$ 317	\$ 308

Using a measurement date of June 30, the following assumptions at June 30, 2019 and 2018, were used to determine the periodic benefit costs:

	2019	2018
Discount rate	3.40%	4.10%
Healthcare trend rate (post-65)	6.00%	6.00%
Long-term trend rate	4.50%	4.50%
Terminal trend year	2026	2025

A one-percentage-point increase in the assumed medical cost trend rates for each future year increases annual postretirement benefit expense by \$500 and the accumulated postretirement benefit obligation by \$16,000. A one-percentage-point decrease in the assumed medical cost trend rates for each future year decreases annual postretirement benefit expense by \$500 and the accumulated postretirement benefit obligation by \$16,000.

**Duquesne University of the Holy Spirit**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**  
**June 30, 2019 and 2018**

For the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, the following is a reconciliation of beginning and ending balances of the benefit obligation (in thousands):

	2019	2018
Accumulated postretirement benefit obligation, beginning of year	\$ 7,970	\$ 8,341
Service cost for fiscal year	177	198
Interest cost for fiscal year	315	297
Benefit payments for fiscal year	(317)	(308)
Expected accumulated postretirement benefit obligation, end of year	8,145	8,528
Census and claims gain during fiscal year	(195)	(244)
Loss/(gain) due to assumption changes	670	(474)
Change in liability due to plan experience	(512)	160
Curtailment of postretirement benefit plan	(2,252)	-
Actual accumulated postretirement benefit obligation, end of year	<u>\$ 5,856</u>	<u>\$ 7,970</u>

Using a measurement date of June 30, the following assumptions at June 30, 2019 and 2018, were used to determine the end-of-year benefit obligation:

	2019	2018
Discount rate	3.40%	4.10%
Healthcare trend rate	6.00%	6.00%
Long-term trend rate	4.50%	4.50%
Terminal trend year	2026	2025

Expected benefits to be paid in future years are as follows (in thousands):

<u>Year ending June 30,</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2020	\$ 455
2021	452
2022	437
2023	440
2024	445
2025 - 2028	2,296
Total	<u>\$ 4,525</u>

**Duquesne University of the Holy Spirit**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**  
**June 30, 2019 and 2018**

**NOTE J - NET ASSETS WITHOUT DONOR RESTRICTIONS**

Net assets without donor restrictions at June 30, 2019 and 2018, consist of the following (in thousands):

	2019	2018
Board-designated funds (quasi-endowment)	\$ 212,415	\$ 139,526
Undesignated funds	161,539	157,538
Total net assets without donor restrictions	<u>\$ 373,954</u>	<u>\$ 297,064</u>

**NOTE K - NET ASSETS WITH DONOR RESTRICTIONS**

Net assets with donor restrictions at June 30, 2019 and 2018, consist of funds subject to purpose or time restriction and funds restricted in perpetuity.

Funds subject to donor restrictions consist of the following (in thousands):

	2019	2018
Funds subject to purpose or time restriction:		
Endowment gains	\$ 52,709	\$ 55,259
Restricted gifts and pledges:		
Operational purposes	13,010	11,026
Capital projects	10,874	10,998
Scholarships	1,647	1,024
Total restricted gifts and pledges	<u>25,531</u>	<u>23,048</u>
Restricted grants and contracts:		
Private	5,965	18
Local	2	-
Total net assets subject to purpose or time restriction	<u>\$ 84,207</u>	<u>\$ 78,325</u>
Funds restricted in perpetuity:		
Endowment and funds functioning as endowment	\$ 116,994	\$ 110,790
Pledges	1,087	2,465
	<u>118,081</u>	<u>113,255</u>
Annuity investments	362	259
	<u>118,443</u>	<u>113,514</u>
Loan funds	1,154	1,468
Total net assets restricted in perpetuity	<u>\$ 119,597</u>	<u>\$ 114,982</u>
Total net assets with donor restrictions	<u>\$ 203,804</u>	<u>\$ 193,307</u>

**NOTE L - CONTINGENCIES**

The University is a defendant in certain legal proceedings arising out of the normal conduct of its business. In the opinion of management, based upon discussion with counsel, the ultimate outcome of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial position or activities of the University.

**Duquesne University of the Holy Spirit**

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

**June 30, 2019 and 2018**

Under the terms of federal grants, periodic audits are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the terms of the grants. Such audits could lead to reimbursement to the grantor agencies. The University's management believes disallowances, if any, will not have a material effect on the University's financial position.

**NOTE M - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

The University has evaluated subsequent events through October 16, 2019, the date the financial statements were issued.

As of September 2019, the University entered into a letter of intent to purchase a building adjacent to campus for approximately \$5.7 million. The University intends to close on the property by June 30, 2020.